# CONCLUSION

This research proposes an intelligent approach for detecting phishing emails effectively. It examines the differences between Naive Bayes, Random Forests, and SVM. The goal is to find the most effective intelligent classification model for detecting email phishing. Different experiments were conducted on three benchmarking testing levels to evaluate the performance of the three classifiers.

We plan to test SVM's performance on different benchmarking datasets in the future. Performance comparison of SVM with various kernels, such as Gaussian or sigmoid kernels, will also be carried out.